1. Hemorrhages during the pregnancy (premature separation of normally located placenta, placental presentation), in afterbirth and early postnatal the stages.

2. Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy.


4. Narrow pelvis in modern obstetrics.


Studies last 5.0 hours (30)

Beginning: **8.00 – 12.15**

1Break time: 09.30-09.45
2Break time: 11.15-11.30

History Case
Examination.

Head of obstetrics
and gynecology chair
Gutikova L.V.
Lesson № 1

Hemorrhages during the pregnancy (premature separation of normally located placenta, placental presentation), in 3rd and early postnatal period.

1. The reasons of a bleeding during pregnancy.
2. Placenta previa, concept definition, frequency, predisposing factors, classification. Low-located placenta.
3. Predisposing factors and pathophysiology of placenta previa.
4. Clinical features of placenta previa.
5. Diagnosis of placenta previa.
7. Treatment (conservative, operative).
10. Clinical features, diagnostics premature separation of normally located placenta.
11. Differential diagnostics with placental presentation.
12. Management and treatment premature separation of normally located placenta.
13. Concept about pathological bleeding in the third period of labor.
14. The reasons of a bleeding in the third stage of labor.
15. Clinical features and diagnostics of complications of the third stage of labor.
18. Prophylaxis of an infection in the postnatal period.
19. The reasons of a bleeding in the early postnatal period.
20. Concept about a hypotonic and atonic uterus.
22. Actions on a stop of a hypotonic bleeding.
24. Bleedings at blood coagulation disorders (the reason, contributing factors), clinic.
25. The differential diagnosis with a hypotonic bleeding.
26. Treatment.
27. Haemorrhagic shock in obstetrics.

Literature:

2) Lectures
Lesson № 2

Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy

4. Rare gestosis of pregnancy (dermatosises, osteomalacia, hepatosis, acute yellow atrophy of liver, bronchial asthma).
5. Late gestosis of pregnancy. Ethiopathogenesis. Modern features of the current.
6. Classification of late gestosis.
7. Early diagnostics of late gestosis. The plan of examination.
8. Late gestosis of pregnant. Clinical signs. Diagnosis.
10. Modern principles of treatment of late gestosis.
11. Obstetrical tactic of late gestosis.
12. The plan of labor conducting at late gestosis.

Literature:

2) Lectures
Lesson № 3


2. Role of “unripe” cervix.
5. Evaluation of uterine contractions.
6. Primary dysfunctional labor.
7. Tocolytic agents administration in labor.
8. Failure to progress in labor (prolongation disorder).
10. Risks of prolonged and prompt labor.
11. Management of hypocontractile dysfunction.
15. Abnormalities of the active phase of labor: protraction disorder of the active phase of labor, protraction disorder of descent, arrest of dilatation. Management.
17. Laceration of perineum and vagina. Management.

Literature:
2) Lectures
Lesson № 4

Contracted pelvis in modern obstetrics.

2. Classification of contracted pelvises according to the form and degree of contraction.
4. Particularities of accouchement biomechanics under pelvis just minor.
5. Particularities of accouchement biomechanics under pelvis flat pelvis.
6. Particularities of accouchement biomechanics under pelvis flat rachitic pelvis.
7. Pregnancy course under contracted pelvis.
8. Accouchement course and conducting under contracted pelvis.
10. Diagnostics of cephalopelvic disproportion.

Literature:

2) Lectures
Lesson № 5

Cesarian section. Obstetrical forceps. Fetus destructive operations.

2. The types of Cesarean section: abdominal, vaginal, “small caesarean section”
3. Prerequisite criteria for Cesarean section.
5. Procedure of the abdominal Cesarean section.
6. The types of uterine incision: low transverse, classical, T-extension.
7. Intraoperative complications.
10. The main types of obstetrical forceps, their peculiarities and advantages.
11. Mechanism and purpose of obstetrical forceps.
12. Indication and contraindication for use of obstetrical forceps.
13. Prerequisite criteria for forceps delivery.
15. Preparation for an operation. Methods of labor pain-relief.
16. Technique of the operation of use obstetrical forceps.
17. Types of forceps operations: outlet forceps, low forceps, mid forceps
   a. in case of occipitotransverse position;
   b. in case of occipitoposterior position.
18. Difficulties during an operation of use of obstetrical forceps. Complications of forceps delivery to the mother and the fetus.
19. The nearest and the furthest consequences of forceps delivery.
20. Types of fetus destroying operations. Indications and conditions.
21. Craniotomy. The definition of the notion, indication, technique, stages of the operation.
22. Complications during craniotomy.
23. Embryotomy: definition of the notion, indication, technique.
26. The definition of the notion of neglected diametrical position of the foetus.
27. Avisteratsiya, spondilotomy.

Literature:

4) Lectures
Lesson 6

Puerperal septic diseases

2. The pathophysiology of puerperal septic diseases. Factors, predisposing to the development of puerperal genital tract infection. Prophylaxis.
6. Diagnosis and treatment of puerperal metrothrombophlebitis, parametritis.

Literature:

2) Lectures