УТВЕРЖДАЮ

Заведующий кафедрой акушерства и гинекологии УО «ГрГМУ», д.м.н., профессор

Гутикова Л.В.

Examination questions on obstetrics for students 4 course of the faculty of foreign students 2022/2023

- 1. Maternity and childhood protection system. Levels of maternal and perinatal care in Republic of Belarus.
- 2. Concepts of demography. Demographic (population) policy in Republic of Belarus. Current demographic trends in the world and in Republic of Belarus.
- 3. Specialized obstetrics and gynecological services. Medico-genetic counseling.
- 4. Maternal mortality rate and ways of it reduction.
- 5. Perinatal mortality rate and ways of it reduction.
- 6. Antenatal, intranatal and early neonatal mortality definitions, risk factors and causes.
- 7. Diagnostic methods in obstetrics. Prenatal screening.
- 8. Critical periods of fetal development. Influence of harmful factors during pregnancy.
- 9. Congenital abnormalities of fetus. Screening for congenital malformations during pregnancy.
- 10. The development and functions of the placenta. Functions of the amniotic fluid.
- 11. The structure and functions of the umbilical cord and placenta.
- 12. The size of the fetus head, sutures, fontanelles.
- 13. Diagnostics of pregnancy.
- 14. Initial routine examination of obstetric patient: medical history, physical exam. Method for estimating due date (EDD) and gestational age. Sick leave benefits during pregnancy.
- 15. Anatomy of female pelvis. Planes and diameters of the pelvis.
- 16. Female pelvic floor anatomy and function.
- 17. Fetal heart rate (FHR). Interpreting fetal heart rate tracings during pregnancy. Criteria of normal and pathological FHR.
- 18. Normal pregnancy events in first, second and third trimester.
- 19. Management of physiological pregnancy. Examination and supervision of pregnant in the woman consultation.
- 20. The methods of external obstetric examination. Obstetrics terminology: fetal lie, fetal position, vision of fetal position, fetal presentation.

- 21. Labor precursors. Physiological preliminary period: characteristics, diagnosis, management.
- 22. Clinical course of labor: signs of the labor onset, stages of the labor, their characteristics. Duration of labor.
- 23. Management of the first stage of labor.
- 24. Management of the second stage of labor.
- 25. Management of the third stage of labor.
- 26. Biomechanism of the labor in case of the occipitoanterior presentation.
- 27. Biomechanism of the labor in case of the occipitoposterior presentation.
- 28. Primary sanation and cleansing of a newborn.
- 29. Anatomical and physiological features of the newborn baby. Signs of a term fetus.
- 30. Pain management in labor. Methods of analgesia.
- 31. Programmed, induced delivery. Indication. Management. Methods of induction of labor.
- 32. Preterm premature rupture of membranes (causes, maternal and fetal consequences).
- 33. Episiotomy and perineotomy. Indications. Postpartum perineal care.
- 34. Asphyxia of newborns (clinic, Apgar score).
- 35. Placental insufficiency and fetal growth restriction: symptoms, diagnosis, treatment.
- 36. Course and management of pregnancy in women with acquired and congenital heart defects. Indications for the abortion.
- 37. Course of pregnancy, its supervising and management in women with chronic hypertension. Contra-indications to a child-bearing. Tactics at childbirth.
- 38. The course of pregnancy and its management in women with diabetes mellitus. Indications for the abortion. Diabetic fetopathy.
- 39. The course of pregnancy and its management in women hypothyroidism. Maternal, fetal and neonatal consequences Indications for the abortion.
- 40. The course of pregnancy and its management in women with thyrotoxicosis. Maternal, fetal and neonatal consequences Indications for the abortion.
- 41. Features of a clinical course and diagnosis of pyelonephritis during pregnancy. Treatment. Management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period.
- 42. Anemia during pregnancy. Features of clinical course. Treatment. Management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period.
- 43. Characteristic features, diagnosis and treatment of appendicitis in different terms of pregnancy.
- 44. Cholecystitis during pregnancy. Features of a course, diagnostics and treatment.
- 45. Obstructive disorders of the bowel. Management. Indications for termination of pregnancy.
- 46. Pancreatitis during pregnancy. Features of a course, diagnostics and treatment.
- 47. Chlamydiosis, mycoplasmosis in different terms of pregnancy, characteristic features, diagnosis and treatment during pregnancy.
- 49. Syphilis and pregnancy: diagnosis, treatment.

- 50. Characteristic features and diagnosis of gonorrhea in different terms of pregnancy.
- 51. HIV-infection and pregnancy. Prevention of perinatal HIV transmission from mother to child.
- 52. Course and management of pregnancy and delivery at women with uterus myoma.
- 53. Course and management of pregnancy at women with ovarian tumor.
- 54. Cytomegalovirus and herpes infections: course and management of pregnancy, labor, postpartum period. Complications for mother, a fetus and the newborn. Indications to abortion.
- 55. Flu (influenza): course and management of pregnancy, labor, postpartum period; complications for mother, a fetus and the newborn.
- 56. Rubella, measles: course and management of pregnancy, labor, postpartum period. Complications for mother, a fetus and newborn. Indications to abortion.
- 57. Toxoplasmosis and pregnancy: diagnostics, tactics.
- 58. Tuberculosis and pregnancy, course of pregnancy, labor, indications to abortion.
- 59. Etiology, classification, diagnosis of breech presentation. Course and management of pregnancy, labor and delivery with breech presentation.
- 60. Malposition: oblique, transverse lie of the fetus during pregnancy and labor. Etiology. Diagnostics. Management.
- 61. Malpresentation (vertex, brow and face presentation): causes, management of labor.
- 62. Etiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis of multiple pregnancy Course and management of multiple pregnancy..
- 63. Diagnosis, clinical criteria, course and management of preterm labor.
- 64. Pregnancy loss: causes, treatment and prophylaxis.
- 65. Anatomic and physiologic characteristics of prematurely born baby.
- 66. Postdate pregnancy: etiology, pathogenesis, classification, diagnosis, prophylaxis and management of pregnancy. Differential diagnosis of postdate and prolonged pregnancy.
- 67. Anatomic and physiologic characteristics of postterm newborn.
- 68. First trimester bleeding.
- 69. Anterpartum hemorrhage. Obstetric hemorrhages during first and second stage of labor.
- 70. Placenta previa: etiology, pathogenesis, classification, treatment during pregnancy and management of labor.
- 71. Placental abruption: etiology, pathogenesis, classification, treatment during pregnancy and management of labor.
- 72. Hemorrhages in the third stage of labor: causes, management.
- 73. Primary postpartum hemorrhage: causes, management.
- 74. Placenta adhaerens: reasons, diagnostics, treatment.
- 75. Placenta accreta: reasons, diagnostics, treatment.
- 76. Disseminated intravascular coagulation syndrome (DIC- syndrome): clinical signs, methods of treatment, prophylaxis, rehabilitation.

- 77. Hemorrhagic shock in obstetrics: clinical signs and symptoms, methods of treatment, prophylaxis.
- 78. Amniotic fluid embolism: clinical signs and symptoms, methods treatment, prophylaxis.
- 79. Nausea and vomiting in early pregnancy. Etiopathogenesis. Classification. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 80. Excessive salivation in early pregnancy. Dermatoses of pregnancy. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 81. Edema during late pregnancy. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 82. Proteinuria in pregnancy. Evaluation and management.
- 83. Preeclampsia. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Obstetric tactic.
- 84. Severe preeclampsia. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Obstetric tactic.
- 85. Eclampsia. Definition. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. First aid. Tactic. Complications.
- 86. The HELLP-syndrome: pathogenesis, clinical signs and symptoms, diagnosis, obstetric tactic.
- 87. Cholestatic hepatosis: pathogenesis, clinical signs and symptoms, diagnosis, obstetric tactic.
- 88. Etiology, pathogenesis, classification, methods of diagnosis of labor abnormalities.
- 89. Clinical signs and symptoms of pathological preliminary period, diagnosis, management.
- 90. Failure to progress in labor (prolongation disorder). Secondary arrest of labor (complete cessation of progress). Diagnosis and treatment of hypocontractile dysfunction.
- 91. Hypertonic uterine action: diagnosis, management of labor.
- 92. Primary dysfunctional labor: diagnosis, management of labor.
- 93. Diagnosis of contracted pelvis. Different types of contracted pelvis according to the form and degree of contraction.
- 94. Diagnostics of cephalopelvic disproportion. Obstetric tactic.
- 95. Uterine rupture: clinical signs and symptoms, treatment and prophylaxis.
- 96. Symphysis pubis dysfunction and symphysiolys: diagnosis, treatment.
- 97. Birth injuries: cephalohematoma, intraventricular hemorrhage, skeletal trauma, nerve injuries, central nervous system damage, intraabdominal injury.
- 98. Cesarean section. Indications.
- 99. Cesarean section. Contraindications. Prerequisite criteria.
- 100. The lower uterine segment cesarean section section. The classical corporeal caesarean section. Extraperitoneal cesarean section. Cesarean section with temporary isolation of an abdominal cavity. "Small" caesarean section. Vaginal cesarean section.
- 101. Intraoperative complications. Complications in postoperative period.
- 102. Modern methods of evaluation of uterine scar after cesarean section/myomectomy. Management of pregnancy with a uterine scar, optimal terms and methods of delivery. Complications.

- 103. The main types of obstetrical forceps, their peculiarities and advantages. Indication and contraindication for use of obstetrical forceps. Prerequisite criteria for forceps delivery.
- 104. Vacuum extraction of the fetus: indications, contraindications, prerequisite criteria for fetus destroying operations. Technique of vacuum extraction. Complications.
- 105. Fetus destroying operations: indications, contraindications, prerequisite criteria for fetus destroying operations. Types of fetus destroying operations (craniotomy, embryotomy, cleydotomy, decapitation, avisteratsiya etc.). Maternal complications.
- 106. Clinical course and management of the postpartum period.
- 107. Urogenital and rectogenital fistulas. Etiology. Prophylaxis.
- 108. Puerperal purulo-septic diseases: etiology, pathogenesis, Sazonov-Bartels classification, clinical signs and symptoms, treatment.
- 109. Lactational mastitis: clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
- 110. Puerperal perineal ulcer: clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
- 111. Puerperal endometritis: clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
- 112. Puerperal parametritis: clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
- 113. Puerperal thrombophlebitis: clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
- 114. Puerperal general peritonitis: clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
- 115. Sepsis: ethiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis, tactics, treatment.
- 116. Molar pregnancy: clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
- 117. Rh incompatibility in obstetrics. Management in Rh-alloimmunizated pregnancy, prophylaxis.
- 118. Amniotomy: indications, steps.
- 119. Manual removal of placenta: indications, steps.
- 120. Manual inspection of a cavity of a uterus: indications, steps.