УТВЕРЖДАЮ

Заведующий кафедрой акушерства и гинекологии УО «ГрГМУ», д.м.н., профессор

fyren

Гутикова Л.В.

Examination questions on gynecology for students 5 course of the faculty of foreign students 2022/2023

- 1. Anatomy and topography of pelvic organs.
- 2. Methods of examination of gynecological patients. The main symptoms of gynecological diseases.
- 3. Endoscopic methods of diagnostics and treatment in gynecology: indications, contraindications, complications, prevention.
- 4. Instrumental methods of diagnostics and treatment in gynecology: indications, contraindications, complications, prevention.
- 5. Radiological methods of research in gynecology: indications, contraindications.
- 6. General and special methods for the study of gynecological patients.
- 7. Anti-Müllerian hormone as a predictor of reproductive potential. Tumor markers in gynecology.
- 8. Biopsy in gynecology. Indications. Technique.
- 9. Uterine probing. Kuldocentesis. Indications. Technique.
- 10. Separate diagnostic curettages of a uterus: indications, techniques, complications.
- 11. Displasement of internal genital organs: causes, classification, clinical examination and diagnosis.
- 12. Genital prolapse: causes, pathogenesis. Classification. Treatment.
- 13. Genital prolapse: types and principle steps of operation.
- 14. Stress urinary incontinence. Simultaneous methods of surgical treatment.
- 15. Menstrual cycle. Regulation of a menstrual cycle. Cyclic changes in women's reproductive organs.
- 16. Amenorrhea. Aetiology. Classification.
- 17. Uterine amenorrhea. Causes, diagnostics, prophylaxis.
- 18. Amenorrhea in ovary failure: diagnosis and management of patients.
- 19. Amenorrhea in hypothalamic pituitary disorders. Causes. Treatment.
- 20. Gonadal dysgenesis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 21. Androgen insensitivity (resistance) syndrome. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 22. Abnormal uterine bleeding in the reproductive age. Causes. Diagnosis. Treatment.

- 23. Pubertal and adolescent abnormal uterine bleeding. Causes. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 24. Abnormal uterine bleeding in the perimenopausal period. Causes. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 25. Dysmenorrhoea. Chronic pelvic pain. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 26. Premenstrual syndrome. Causes. Pathogenesis. Classification. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 27. Climacteric syndrome. Causes. Pathogenesis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 28. Hyperprolactinemia. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 29. Congenital adrenal hyperplasia. Causes. Pathogenesis. Classification. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment. Hirsutism and virilism.
- 30. Polycystic ovarian syndrome. Causes. Pathogenesis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 31. Pelvic inflammatory disease. Classification. Risk factors. Mechanisms of biological protection.
- 32. Bartholinitis. Etiology, clinical features, treatment.
- 33. Vulvovaginitis. Etiology, clinical features, treatment.
- 34. Acute endometritis. Causes. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 35. Salpingoophoritis. Causes. Clinical features, diagnosis, treatment.
- 36. Bacterial vaginosis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 37. Candidosis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 38. Sexually transmitted infections: trichomonas vaginalis. Etiology. Clinical characteristics. Diagnostic approach. Management and therapy.
- 39. Sexually transmitted infections: chlamydia trachomatis. Etiology. Clinical characteristics. Diagnostic approach. Management and therapy.
- 40. Human papillomavirus. Etiology. Clinical characteristics. Diagnostic approach. Management and therapy.
- 41. Sexually transmitted infections: herpes. Etiology. Clinical characteristics. Diagnostic approach. Management and therapy.
- 42. Sexually transmitted infections: gonorrhea. Etiology. Clinical characteristics. Diagnostic approach. Management and therapy.
- 43. Genital tuberculosis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment. Prognosis.
- 44. Vulval and vaginal epithelial disorders: squamous cell hyperplasia (hyperplastic dystrophy), lichen sclerosus, genital warts. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Methods of treatment.
- 45. Benign lesions of the uterine cervix: congenital and acquired cervical ectopy, ectropion, cervical polyps, condylomas. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Management of patients with benign cervical pathology. Methods of conservative and surgical treatment
- 46. Cervical intraepithelial dysplasia (CIN). Aetiology. Role of viral infection in the development of CIN. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Conservative and surgical treatment.
- 47. Endometrial hyperplasia. Etiopathogenesis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 48. Endometrial polyps. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.

- 49. Molar pregnancy. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 50. Choriocarcinoma. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment. Prognosis.
- 51. Uterine myoma. Etiopathogenesis, classification, clinical features, diagnosis.
- 52. Submucose uterine myoma. Classification, clinical features, diagnosis. Treatment.
- 53. Uterine myoma. Treatment. Indications for operative treatment.
- 54. Uterine myoma. Laparoscopic operations. Endoscopic techniques.
- 55. Tumors of the ovaries. Functional and benign neoplastic tumors: diagnosis. Treatment.
- 56. Neoplastic ovarian tumors (ovarian cysts). Classification, clinical features, diagnosis. Treatment.
- 57. Epithelial ovarian cysts. Mucinous ovarian cysts. Germ cell tumors. Classification, treatment, prognosis.
- 58. Endometriosis. Etiopathogenesis, classification. Clinical features, diagnosis. Treatment.
- 59. Endometriosis of the uterus. Clinical features, diagnosis. Treatment.
- 60. Common benign breast disorders. Etiopathogenesis, classification, clinical features.
- 61. Climacteric period. Indication for the hormonal replacement therapy.
- 62. Emergency conditions in gynecology. Doctor's tactics.
- 63. Ectopic pregnancy. Etiology, pathogenesis, classification. Clinical features, differential diagnosis. Management.
- 64. Tubal pregnancy. Etiology, pathogenesis, classification. Clinical features, differential diagnosis. Management.
- 65. Cervical pregnancy. Etiology, pathogenesis, classification. Clinical features, differential diagnosis. Management.
- 66. Ovarian apoplexy. Classification, clinical features, diagnosis, treatment.
- 67. Ovarian torsion. Clinical features, diagnosis, treatment.
- 68. Rupture of the tubo-ovarian abscess. Clinical features, diagnosis. Management.
- 69. Pelvic peritonitis. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 70. Degeneration of uterine fibroid. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 71. Perforation of the uterus. Clinical features, diagnosis, treatment.
- 72. Preoperative assessment before abdominal and vaginal operations and postoperative care.
- 73. Principles of gynecologic surgery: technique of total hysterectomy. Indications. Complications.
- 74. Principles of gynecologic surgery: technique of subtotal hysterectomy. Indications. Complications.
- 75. Laparoscopic operations in emergency gynecological conditions. Indications, contraindications.
- 76. Precocious puberty. Etiopathogenesis. Classification. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 77. Delayed puberty. Etiopathogenesis. Classification. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 78. Absence puberty. Etiopathogenesis. Classification. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 79. Malformation of the genital organs. Uterine Anomalies. Etiopathogenesis.

- Classification. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 80. Traumatic injuries of the genital organs in pubertal period. Reasons, common injuries. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 81. Family planning. Examination methods. Organization of medical and social psychological assistance to married couples.
- 82. Female infertility. Reasons, diagnosis. Medical management and surgical treatment.
- 83. Cause of infertility. Diagnosis of infertility.
- 84. In vitro fertilization. Surrogate maternity.
- 85. Medical abortion. Social and medical aspects of the problem, methods of termination of pregnancy in the early and late stages.
- 86. Contraceptive methods. Classification.
- 87. Hormonal contraceptives. Advantages and disadvantages.
- 88. Intrauterine contraceptive device. Varieties. Indications, contraindications. Complications.
- 89. Laparoscopic surgical sterilization. Technique. Varieties. Complications.
- 90. Hysteroscopy. Indications, contraindications. Technique.