# Topic scheme of practical studies on gynecology

### 9<sup>th</sup> term 2020-2021 year

Topic №1. Clinical approach to symptoms. Examination of the gynecological patient. Methods and techniques of examination of patient in gynecology.

Topic №2. Physiology of normal menstrual cycle. Menstrual problems – amenorrhoea, dysmenorrhoea. Dysfunctional uterine bleeding.

Topic №3. Neuroendocrinological syndromes in gynecology.

Topic №4. Pelvic inflammatory disease. Infections of the individual pelvic organs.

Topic №5. Sexually transmitted diseases (STD). Genital tuberculosis.

Studies last 6,0 hours

Beginning: 8.00 - 13.00

Break time 1 - 09.30 - 09.45 Break time 2 - 11.15 - 11.30

**Head of the department** 

of obstetrics and gynecology

Gutikova L.V.

# The list of practical skills for 5 -year Foreign Students

- 1. Speculum exam, vaginal exam, bimanual exam.
- 2. Rectal exam.
- 3. Assesment of fetal well-being.
- 4. Ultrasonic and Doppler investigation in obstetrics and gynecology(possibility, terms, interpretation of results).
- 5. Types of biopsy in gynecologic practice.
- 6. Separate diagnostic curettages of a uterus (terms, indications, contraindications).
- 7. Cytologic and bacteriologic research in obstetrics and gynecology.
- 8. Culdocentesis.
- 9. Colposcopy (types, possibilities).
- 10. Hysteroscopy (possibilities, indications, contra-indications).
- 11. Metrosalpingographia (indications, contra-indications).
- 12. An estimation of menstrual cycle abnormalities (tests of functional diagnostics, hormonal research, USG, etc.).

#### Topic №1

# Clinical approach to symptoms. Examination of the gynecological patient. Methods and techniques of examination of patient in gynecology.

- 1. Anatomy of the pelvic organs.
- 2. Anatomy and physiology changes in the genital tract in different age groups.
- 3. General physical examination. Patient history.
- 4. Detailed history of present illness: abnormal menstrual cycle, pelvic pain, vaginal discharge, infertility, problems in other systems.
- 5. Examination of the gynecological patient: abdominal, vaginal, digital, bimanual and rectal examination.
- 6. Diagnostic procedures: speculum examination, endometrial sampling procedures.
- 7. Biopsy. Techniques. Indications.
- 8. Preparation, staining and examination of smears. Normal cytological appearances. Abnormal smears.
- 9. Culdocentesis.
- 10. Radiologic evaluation of abdomen, uterus and tubal patency (hysterosalpingogram) in gynecology.
- 11. Diagnostic endoscopic procedures in gynecology. Laparoscopy, hysteroscopy, culdoscopy. Indications. Contraindications.
- 12. Investigation of ovarian function. Tests for ovulation.
- 13. Estimation of hormonal level.

- 1. Gynecology Illustrated /Bain C.M., Burton K., McGavigan C.J.- 6<sup>th</sup> ed.-2011.
- 2. Danforth's obstetrics and gynecology.- 7<sup>th</sup> ed. / with 54 authors.-1994.-p. 435-439, 456-461, 911-912.
- 3. Lectures.

### **Topic №2**

# Physiology of normal menstrual cycle. Menstrual problems – amenorrhoea, dysmenorrhoea. Dysfunctional uterine bleeding.

- 1. Hormones in relation to menstrual cycle.
- 2. Ovarian cycle. Follicular development. The role of ovarian hormones. Physiological actions.
- 3. Endometrial cycle.
- 4. Classification of menstrual cycle disorders.
- 5. Amenorrhea and hypomenorrhea. Classification of amenorrhea. Evaluation and treatment approach.
- 6. Dysmenorrhoea. Premenstrual syndrome.
- 7. Dysfunctional uterine bleeding: ovulatory, anovulatory. Dysfunctional uterine bleeding in different age groups.
- 8. Principles of hormone therapy in menstrual cycle disorders. Administration and dosage.

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- 3. Lectures.

## Topic №3 Neuroendocrinological syndromes in gynecology.

- 1. Premenstrual syndrome: etiopatogenesis, classification, symptoms and diagnosis. Treatment: non-hormonal and hormone therapy.
- 2. Premature menopause: etiopatogenesis, symptoms and diagnosis, treatment.
- 3. Menopausal (climacteric) syndrome: etiopatogenesis, classification, symptoms and diagnosis, treatment.
- 4. Adrenogenital syndrome (congenital adrenal hyperplasia): etiopatogenesis, classification, symptoms and diagnosis, treatment. Hirsutism, virilization.
- 5. Polycystic ovarian syndrome (PCOS): etiopatogenesis, classification, symptoms and diagnosis. Management of PCOS. Subfertility therapies.

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- 3. Lectures.

#### Topic №4

### Pelvic inflammatory disease. Infections of the individual pelvic organs.

- 1. Epidemiology, etiology and pathogenesis of pelvic inflammatory disease.
- 2. Normal physiology and microecology of the vagina. Protective factors.
- 3. Infections of the genital tract in different age groups (childhood, reproductive years, menopausal patient). Pattern of spread.
- 4. Infections of the lower genital tract. Bartholinitis. Vulvovaginitis. Vaginal discharge etiology.
- 5. Cervicitis, cervical erosion, endometritis, metritis. Clinical signs. Treatment.
- 6. Salpingo-oophoritis (acute salpingitis, chronic salpingitis: hydrosalpinx, pyosalpinx, tubo-ovarian abscess, adnextumor). Clinical features. Treatment.
- 7. Parametritis, pelvic peritonitis, pelvic abscess. Clinical features. Treatment.
- 8. Pelvic inflammatory disease: clinical criteria for hospitalization and surgical treatment. Types of operations.
- 9. Peritoneal dialysis. Colpotomy.
- 10.Laparoscopy in diagnosis and treatment pelvic inflammatory disease. Dynamic laparoscopy. Indications. Technique.
- 11. Therapeutic goals for treating pelvic inflammatory disease. Therapeutic approach. Medications for treatment pelvic inflammatory disease.
- 12. Prevention of pelvic inflammatory diseases. Management of patients.

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- 2. Danforth's obstetrics and gynecology.- 7<sup>th</sup> ed. / with 54 authors.-1994.-p. 435-439, 456-461, 911-912.
- 3. Lectures.

### Topic №5 Sexually transmitted diseases (STD). Genital tuberculosis.

- 1. Gonorrhoea. Etiology. Pattern of spread. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 2. Gonorrhoea in child. Clinical features. Treatment.
- 3. Methods of provocation.
- 4. Gonorrhoea. General treatment guidelines. Treatment during pregnancy. Posttreatment control. Prophylaxis.
- 5. Trichomoniasis. Etiology. Pattern of spread.
- 6. Clinical features, diagnosis and treatment of trichomoniasis.
- 7. Tuberculosis of the genital tract. Clinical signs. Diagnosis. Treatment approach.
- 8. Bacterial vaginosis. Etiology. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 9. Candidosis. Etiology. Clinical features. Diagnosis. Treatment.
- 10. Chlamydia infection-clinical features, new diagnostic methods, treatment.
- 11. Urea- and micoplasmosis clinical features, new diagnostic methods, treatment.
- 12. Virus infections (viral warts, herpes genitalis, CMV) clinical features, new diagnostic methods, treatment.
- 13.General treatment guidelines. Rehabilitation after treatment. Prophylaxis of STD.

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