Министерство здравоохранения Республики Беларусь УО «Гродненский государственный медицинский университет»

УТВЕР	ЖДАЮ
Первый	проректор
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ВОПРОСЫ К ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОМУ ЭКЗАМЕНУ ПО АКУШЕРСТВУ И ГИНЕКОЛОГИИ ДЛЯ СТУДЕНТОВ 6 КУРСА ФАКУЛЬТЕТА ИНОСТРАННЫХ УЧАЩИХСЯ С АНГЛИЙСКИМ ЯЗЫКОМ ОБУЧЕНИЯ В 2017/2018 УЧЕБНОМ ГОДУ

- 1. Structure and organization of work of the maternity hospital. Perinatal Center.
- 2. Aseptic and antiseptic in Obstetrics. Sanitary and epidemiological rules in the maternity hospital.
- 3. Structure and organization of ambulatory care for women. Work of the woman consultations.
- 4. Maternal mortality rate.
- 5. Perinatal mortality rate.
- 6. Main changes in specific organ systems during pregnancy.
- 7. Determination of the period of gestation, the approximate date of birth and the maternity leave.
- 8. Main obstetrical terminology.
- 9. Structure of the afterbirth. Role of the placenta.
- 10. Amniotic fluid. Polyhydramnios and oligoamnios.
- 11. Female pelvis. Pelvis diameters.
- 12.Invasive methods of prenatal diagnosis: amniocentesis, chorionic villus sampling, umbilical cord sampling, fetal scalp sampling, fetoscopy. Indications, contraindications and possible complications.
- 13.Examination and supervision of pregnant in the woman consultation. Role of taking of them under the clinical supervision before 12 week of gestation.
- 14. Nutrition for the pregnant women. Specificity of the diet of pregnant women during the later gestation period.
- 15.Influence of harmful factors during pregnancy.
- 16.Blood circulation of the fetus and newborn.
- 17. Prenatal assessment of the fetus well-being (nonstress test, biophysical profile, contraction stress test).
- 18. Diagnostics of early pregnancy.
- 19. Genetic consulting. Markers of chromosomal pathology.
- 20. Normal pregnancy events in first, second and third trimester.
- 21.Initial routine examination of obstetric patient. The methods of external obstetric examination.

- 22. Vaginal examination in labor.
- 23. Anesthesia during labor.
- 24. Abortions. Clinic. Diagnostics. Management.
- 25. Pregnancy loss. Causes. Prophylaxis.
- 26. Preterm labor. Diagnostics. Clinic and management of preterm labor.
- 27. Postterm pregnancy. Causes. Diagnostics. Management.
- 28. Multiple pregnancy. Diagnostics. Specificity of this type of pregnancy. Management of labor.
- 29. Rhesus compromised pregnancy. Clinic. Management. Prophylaxis.
- 30.Fetal heart rate (FHR). Interpreting fetal heart rate tracings during pregnancy and labor. Criteria of normal and pathological FHR.
- 31.Ultrasound during pregnancy. Data obtained from ultrasound examination in first, second and third trimester. Ultrasound studies of the fetus.
- 32. The use of Doppler method of investigation for the assessment of hemodynamic conditions of the maternal-placental-fetal complex.
- 33.Bishop's scoring system for cervical assessment.
- 34.Clinical course and management of the 1st stage of labor.
- 35. The methods of registration of uterine activity.
- 36. Biomechanism of normal labor in occipito-anterior position.
- 37. Biomechanism of normal labor in occipito-posterior position
- 38. Amniotomia. Indications and contraindications. Techniques.
- 39.Clinical course and management of the 2nd second stage of labor. The principles of the delivery of the head.
- 40.Clinical course and management of the the 3rd period of labor. Signs of detachment of the placenta
- 41. Ways of assist of expulsion the afterbirth.
- 42. Characteristics of the term newborn. Apgar Scale.
- 43. Management of the newborn baby. Prophylaxis of blenorhea.
- 44. Signs of maturity of the fetus.
- 45. Postpartum period. Course of normal postpartum.
- 46. Principals of Breast feeding. Care of the breast during the postpartum period.
- 47. Breech presentation of the fetus. Classifications. Etiology. Diagnostics.
- 48. Vaginal delivery in case of breech presentation.
- 49. Anatomically contracted pelvis.
- 50. Management of labor for anatomically contracted pelvis. Complications.
- 51. Cephalopelvic disproportion. Causes. Diagnostics and management.
- 52. Oblique, transverse lie of the fetus during pregnancy and labor. Complications. Diagnostics. Management.
- 53. Physiology of normal labor activity.
- 54. Failure to progress in labor. Causes. Classifications of abnormal uterine activity.
- 55. Dysfunctional uterine activity. Causes. Diagnostics.
- 56.Primary and secondary weakness of uterine labor activity. Causes. Diagnostics. Management.
- 57. Management of abnormal uterine activity. Acceleration of labor.
- 58.Artificial method of abortions.(induced abortions) during early pregnancy. Methods of abortions. Complications.

- 59.Induced artificial abortion during late pregnancy. Indications. Methods. Complications.
- 60. Medical and social aspects of abortions in early and late pregnancy.
- 61.Premature detachment of a normally located placenta. Causes. Diagnostics. Management.
- 62. Placenta praevia. Classifications. Causes. Diagnostics.
- 63. Placenta praevia. Clinic. Management during pregnancy and labor. Treatment.
- 64.Laceration of the perineum and the cervix during labor.
- 65. Episiotomy and preineotomy. Indications. Techniques. Specificity of the postoperative treatment.
- 66.Rupture of the uterus. Main causes and pathogenesis. Classification. Prophylaxis.
- 67. Rupture of the uterus. Clinic. Diagnostics. Managemenet.
- 68.Induction of labor.
- 69. Forceps delivery. Indications. Contraindications. Preparations and techniques of low forceps delivery.
- 70. Vaccum extraction of the fetus. Indications. Contraindications. Techniques.
- 71. Manual removal of the placenta. Indications. Techniques.
- 72. Caesarian section. Indications. Contraindication.
- 73. Caesarian section. Steps of the operation. Complications.
- 74. Caesarian section. Types of operation. Conditions for performing the operation.
- 75. Physiological and pathological bleeding during 3rd period of labor. Prophylaxis.
- 76. Postpartum bleeding. Cause. Management.
- 77. Hypotonic uterine bleeding. Causes. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 78. Massive obstetrical bleeding: risk factors. Diagnostics. Clinics. Management. Prophylaxis.
- 79. Hemorrhagic shock in obstetrics. Diagnostics. Clinics. Treatment. Prophylaxis.
- 80.DIC associated with pregnancy: main causes and pathophysiology. Stages of DIC development. Types of DIC (fulminant, acute, subacute, chronic).
- 81. Diagnostics, treatment and prevention of DIC.
- 82. Amniotic fluid embolism: risk factors, diagnostics, clinical picture, treatment, prevention.
- 83. Pulmonary embolism in pregnancy: risk factors, diagnostics, a clinical picture, the urgent help, prevention.
- 84. Main forms of postpartum septic diseases. Classification of postpartum septic diseases by Sazonov-Bartels. The predisposing factors leading to the development of postpartum septic diseases.
- 85. Postpartum endometritist. Clinics. Diagnostics. Treatment and prophylaxis.
- 86. Obstetrical peritonitis. Risk factors. Diagnostics. Clinical picture. Treatment. Features of obstetric peritonitis after cesarean section.
- 87. Postpartum sepsis. Diagnostic. Clinical picture. Treatment.
- 88. Septic shock. Intensive therapy. Complications for mother and fetus. Prophylaxis and rehabilitation.
- 89.Lactation mastitis. Stage of development. Clinics and treatment.
- 90. Nausea and vomiting in early pregnancy. Etiopathogenesis. Classification. Diagnostics. Treatment.

- 91.Excessive salivation in early pregnancy. Dermatoses of pregnancy. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 92. Edema during late pregnancy. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 93. Preeclampsia. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Obstetric tactic.
- 94. Severe preeclampsia. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Obstetric tactic.
- 95. Eclampsia. Definition. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. First aid. Tactic. Complications.
- 96.Adverse conditions and severe complications of preeclampsia and eclampsia. Risk markers for preeclampsia. Prophylaxis.
- 97. Feto-placental insufficiency. Classifications. Etiology. Diagnostics.
- 98. Intrauterine growth restriction (IUGR). Causes. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 99.Intrauterine hypoxia of the fetus. Modern methods of diagnostics. Treatment.
- 100. Cardiac disease and pregnancy. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy and labor.
- 101. Heart rhythm disorders. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period. Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 102. Acute and chronic anemia. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period. Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 103. Thrombocytopenia. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period. Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 104. Diabetes mellitus and pregnancy.
- 105. Appendicitis and pregnancy.
- 106. Acute and chronic pyelonephritis. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period. Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 107. Urinary calculi. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period. Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 108. Pathology of eyes. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period (including situations after surgical treatment). Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 109. Acute and chronic respiratory tract diseases. Features of a clinical course and management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period. Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 110. Uterine myoma and pregnancy. Course. Management of pregnancy, labor and postpartum period. Complication for mother and fetus. Indications for terminations of pregnancy. Management of pregnancy with postoperative scar on uterus.
- 111. Gastric and duodenal ulcer disease. Tactics of emergency help. Complications for mother and a fetus. Indications to pregnancy termination.
- 112. Obstructive disorders of the bowel. Tactics for emergency medical help. Complication for mother and fetus. Indications for terminations of pregnancy.

- 113. Abnormal sexual development. Precocious puberty: iso-sexual and heterosexual, central and peripheral. Clinic, methods of treatment, rehabilitation.
- 114. Lack of sexual development. Delayed puberty: central, constitutional, peripheral causes. Clinic, treatment, rehabilitation.
- 115. Congenital abnormalities of the genital tract and methods of their correction.
- 116. Modern approaches to treatment of pelvic inflammatory diseases (PID) of a nonspecific etiology.
- 117. Acute and chronic adnexitis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 118. Pelvic inflammatory diseases of a specific etiology: gonorrhea, syphilis, AIDS, genital tract tuberculosis. Features of a current and therapy.
- 119. Sexually transmitted disease. Clinical course. Modern methods of treatment.
- 120. Gynecologic disorders with "acute abdomen". Differential diagnostics at a syndrome of "acute abdomen". Diagnostic laparoscopy.
- 121. Ectopic pregnancy, etiology, clinics, diagnostics, treatment.
- 122. Apoplexy (rupture) of the ovary. Form of the disease. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 123. Torsion of ovarian tumor. Specific clinical picture and surgical treatment for torsion of the ovarian tumor.
- 124. Main methods of family planning. Contraception.
- 125. Hormonal contraception. Classifications. Advantages and disadvantages. Therapeutic effects of hormonal contraception.
- 126. Physiology of the climacteric period. Definition of premenopause, menopause, postmenopause, perimenopause.
- 127. Gynecologic and somatic problems of the climacteric period (early, average and late clinical symptoms). Diagnostics methods.
- 128. Management of patients with pathological climacteric period. Types of treatment. Hormonal replacement therapy, principles of administration, indication and contraindication, complications.
- 129. Methods of diagnostics of cervical pathology: cytology, colposcopy, biopsy.
- 130. Background cervical pathology: classification, clinical picture, diagnostics, treatment.
- 131. Precancer cervical diseases (CIN): classification, clinical picture, diagnostics and treatment methods.
- 132. Surgical methods of treatment of CIN: laser vaporization, diatermokoagulation, cryodestruction, radiowave excision, conization, etc. Features, indications, techniques, forecast.
- 133. Etiology of cervical cancer. Risk factors. Types of prevention of cervical cancer (primary, secondary). Vaccination. Screening for cervical cancer: characteristic, features of carrying out, types and efficiency.
- 134. Background and precancer pathology of endometrium: classification, clinical picture, diagnostics, treatment methods in young age and in postmenopause.
- 135. Ovarian cysts and tumors. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 136. Topography of the pelvic organs. Anatomy and physiology changes in the genital tract in different age groups.
- 137. Investigation of ovarian function. Tests for ovulation. Estimation of hormonal level.

- 138. Instrumental diagnostic procedures: speculum examination, endometrial sampling procedures, culdocentesis.
- 139. Diagnostic endoscopic procedures in gynecology. Laparoscopy, hysteroscopy, culdoscopy. Indications. Contraindications.
- 140. Regulation of normal menstrual cycle. The ovarian cycle. The endometrial cycle.
- 141. Classification of menstrual cycle disorders.
- 142. Dysfunctional uterine bleeding: ovulatory, anovulatory. Juvenile dysfunctional uterine bleeding.
- 143. Principles of hormone therapy in menstrual cycle disorders. Administration and dosage.
- 144. Amenorrhea. Causes. Classification. Evaluation and treatment approach.
- 145. Dysmenorrhoea. Premenstrual syndrome.
- 146. Surgical treatment of purulent pelvic inflammatory diseases. Dynamic laparoscopy. Indications. Techniques.
- 147. Surgical treatment of benign uterine pathology. Conservative and radical surgical treatment. Techniques.
- 148. Surgical treatment of ovarian pathology. Types. Indications. Contraindications.
- 149. Laparoscopy treatment of infertility. Techniques. Indications and contraindications.
- 150. Total and subtotal hysterectomy in treatment of uterine myoma. Indications. Techniques.
- 151. Endometriosis. Etiology and pathogenesis. Classification.
- 152. Endometriosis. Clinics. Diagnostics. Prognosis.
- 153. Endometriosis. Conservative and surgical (including endoscopic) methods of treatment.
- 154. Gestational trophoblastic disease. Classification. Clinical features. Diagnostics. Treatment.
- 155. Infertility.
- 156. Uterine myomas. Etiology. Pathogenesis. Classification. Diagnostics. Management.
- 157. Clinical classification of abnormalities of position of uterus. Causes of abnormalities.
- 158. Nonsurgical (pelvic muscle exercises, pessaries) and surgical treatment of genital prolapse. Types of surgical treatment.
- 159. Polycystic ovarian syndrome. Etiopathogenesis. Clinics. Diagnostics. Trearment.
- 160. Preoperative preparation and features of postoperative treatment in gynecologic practice.

Зав. кафедрой акушерства и гинекологии, д.м.н.