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## CREDIT QUESTIONS FOR THE $4^{TH}$ YEAR STUDENTS OF MEDICAL FACULTY OF FOREIGN STUDENTS **GRODNO STATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY 2019- 2020 YEARS**

| 1  | The main stages of the development of the science about tuberculosis.   |
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| 2  | Pathomorphosis of tuberculosis in current time.   |
| 3  | The causative agents of tuberculosis (MBT), its properties.   |
| 4  | Transmission of tuberculosis. Latent TB infection.  |
| 5  | Anti-TB immunity. The role of genetic factors in the occurrence of tuberculosis and formation of anti-TB immunity.  |
| 6  | Clinical classification of tuberculosis (TB). Principles of classification of TB. Categories of classification, reflecting the main clinical forms, characteristic of tuberculosis process and its complications, post-TB residual changes. The formulation of TB diagnosis. Tuberculosis classification according to ICD - 10. |
| 7  | Clinical methods in diagnostics. The main complaints. History of the disease. Anamnesis of life. Physical examination: inspection data, palpation, percussion, auscultation.  |
| 8  | Laboratory diagnostics of TB (bacterioscopy, cultural methods).   |
| 9  | Laboratory diagnostics of TB (immunological, serological methods, etc.). Polymerase Chain Reaction.   |
| 10 | Drug resistance of MBT, its types and clinical significance.  |
| 11 | X-ray methods of diagnostics and their role in establishing of TB. USG and MRT.   |
| 12 | Surgical, endoscopic (fibrobronchoscopy) methods of diagnostics of TB. Morphological diagnostics of TB. Types of lung biopsies.   |
| 13 | Blood tests during exacerbation and remission of tuberculous process. Analysis of urine in TB patients. Biochemical blood indicators.   |
| 14 | Tuberculin skin test. Mantoux test.   |
| 15 | Modern methods of diagnosis of latent tuberculosis infection (IGRA-tests. Quanti-FERON test. Diaskintest).  |
| 16 | Diagnosis and examination methods of patients with tuberculosis.  |
| 17 | Primary and secondary tuberculosis. The main features of primary tuberculosis.  |
| 18 | Tuberculous intoxication: pathogenesis, clinical features, course.  |
| 19 | TB of intrathoratic lymph nodes (Tuberculous bronchoadenitis): pathogenesis, clinical features, course.   |
| 20 | Complications of primary tuberculosis complex and TB of intrathoratic lymph nodes.  |
| 21 | Miliary TB: pathogenesis, clinical features, course.  |
| 22 | Tuberculosis of meninges and central nervous system: pathogenesis, morphological  |
| 00 | changes, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics, treatment, prognosis.   |
| 23 | Focal pulmonary TB. Pathogenesis, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.  |
| 24 | Disseminated tuberculosis: subacute forms. Pathogenesis, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.   |
|    | ulagilustics.   |

| 25 | Disseminated tuberculosis: chronic forms. Pathogenesis, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.   |
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| 26 | Infiltrative pulmonary TB. Pathogenesis, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.  |
| 27 | Caseous pneumonia. Pathogenesis, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics, outcomes.  |
| 28 | Lung tuberculoma. Pathogenesis, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.   |
| 29 | Cavernous pulmonary tuberculosis. Pathogenesis, morphological changes, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.                                    |
| 30 | Fibrotic-cavernous pulmonary tuberculosis. Pathogenesis, morphological changes, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.                           |
| 31 | Cirrhotic pulmonary tuberculosis. Pathogenesis, clinical and X-ray signs, diagnostics.   |
| 32 | Tuberculous pleuritis. Aethiology, pathogenesis. Clinical and X-ray signs, laboratory and X-ray diagnostics of adhesive and exudative pleuritis. |
| 33 | Tuberculosis of larhyngs, trachea and bronchi.   |
| 34 | TB of peripheral lymph nodes.  |
| 35 | TB of mesenteric lymph nodes.  |
| 36 | Out-patient treatment of TB patients – phase of continuation   |
| 37 | Classification of anti-tuberculosis drugs, their characteristics.  |
| 38 | Basic principles of treatment of tuberculosis and antibiotic therapy. Treatment compliance.  |
| 39 | Chemotherapy regimens, DOTS.   |
| 40 | Adverse effects to anti-tuberculosis drugs: their prevention.  |
| 41 | The collapse therapy of tuberculosis.  |
| 42 | The surgical treatment of tuberculosis.  |
| 43 | Hormonal treatment of tuberculosis.  |
| 44 | Pathogenetic and symptomatic treatment.  |
| 45 | Spontaneous pneumothorax.  |
| 46 | Cor pulmonale in TB patients.  |
| 47 | Amiloidosis.   |
| 48 | Lung hemoptysis and bleeding.  |
| 49 | Tuberculous pericarditis.  |
| 50 | Social prophylaxis of tuberculosis.  |
| 51 | Sanitary prophylaxis of tuberculosis.  |
| 52 | Specific prophylaxis of tuberculosis - antituberculous vaccination.  |
| 53 | Chemoprophylaxis of tuberculosis.  |
| 54 | The function of the antitubercular dispensary.   |
| 55 | Groups of dispensary control. Dispensary observation of TB patients.   |
| 56 | Infection Control. The concept of infection control. Types of infection control.   |
| 57 | Basic epidemiological indicators: incidence, morbidity, mortality, infection, annual   |
|    | risk of infection, their dynamics. Basic epidemiological indicators and their dynamics   |
|    | in the Republic of Belarus and in the world.   |
| 58 | Tuberculosis and HIV-infection.  |
| 59 | Tuberculosis and diabetes mellitus.  |
| 60 | Tuberculosis and pregnancy. Tuberculosis and motherhood.   |
| 61 | Tuberculosis and alcoholism (drug abusing).  |
| 62 | The concept of early, late detection of tuberculosis.  |

| 63 | X-ray diagnostics as the methods of early diagnostics of tuberculosis.                  |
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| 64 | Laboratory diagnostics of TB (bacterioscopy, cultural methods) as the methods of        |
|    | early diagnostics of tuberculosis.  |
| 65 | Tuberculin skin test as the method of early diagnostics of tuberculosis in children and |
|    | adolescents.  |

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