LIST OF EXAMINATION QUESTIONS ON HUMAN ANATOMY FOR FOREIGN FACULTY STUDENTS

I. GENERAL THEORETICAL QUESTIONS. HISTORY OF ANATOMY.

- 1. Human anatomy as science, its value for medicine. Methods of research in anatomy.
- 2. The basic stages of ontogenesis of the person. Embryogenesis, its periods. Germinal layers and their differentiation.
- 3. The postnatal period of development of the person. Age periods of children.
- 4. Anatomic and medical anthropology. Concepts about norm, variants of norm and anomalies of development.
- 5. The anatomic constitution of the person and ways of its examination.
- 6. Stages of development of human anatomy.
- 7. Development of anatomic science in Belarus.

II. ANATOMY OF THE LOCOMOTOR SYSTEM.

- 8. Skeleton of the person, its function and parts.
- 9. Types of osteogenesis. Development of bones in ontogenesis, factors influencing on it.
- 10. Bone as body. Classification of bones, their structure. A bone in the x-ray image.
- 11. Spinal column. The vertebrae, features of their structure in various departments. Variants and anomalies of their development.
- 12. Ribs and sternum. Connections of ribs with vertebrae and sternum.
- 13. Thorax as a whole.
- 14. Bones of a pectoral girdle and their connection. X-ray anatomy.
- 15. Bones of a shoulder and forearm. Features of a structure of tubular bones.
- 16. Bones of a hand and their connection. X-ray anatomy of a hand.
- 17. Hipbone. Connections of bones of a pelvis. Age features of a pelvis. X-ray anatomy.
- 18. Pelvis as a whole. The diameters of a female basin. Sexual differences.
- 19. Femur, patella, bones of a leg.
- 20. Bones of a foot and their connections. Vaults of a foot. X-ray anatomy of a foot.
- 21. Development of a skull in ontogenesis. Age, sexual and individual features of a skull. Developmental anomalies.
- 22. Temporal bone: its parts, canals and their appointment.
- 23. Sphenoid bone: its parts, foramens and their appointment.
- 24. Occipital, frontal and parietal bones.
- 25. Bones of a facial skull. Upper and lower jaw. Ethmoid, palatine and zygomatic bones.

- 26. Orbit: its walls, foramens, canals.
- 27. Cavity of a nose: its walls, nasal meatuses.
- 28. The skullcap. Temporal, infratemporal and pterygopalatine fossae.
- 29. The external basis of a skull: departments, foramens and their appointment.
- 30. The internal basis of a skull: fossae, foramens and their appointment.
- 31. Connections of a skull. Age features. X-ray anatomy of a skull.
- 32. Temporo-mandibular joint. Blood supply, innervations.
- 33. Classification of connections of bones. Continuous connections.
- 34. Structure of a joint.
- 35. Classification of joints: according of number of articulate surfaces, the shape of articulate surfaces and on function. X-ray anatomy of joints.
- 36. Connections of a vertebral column with a skull.
- 37. Connections between vertebrae.
- 38. Vertebral column as a whole. X-ray anatomy of a vertebral column.
- 39. Shoulder joint. Blood supply, innervations, X-ray anatomy.
- 40. Elbow joint. Blood supply, innervations, X-ray anatomy.
- 41. Radiocarpal joint. Blood supply, innervations, X-ray anatomy.
- 42. Hip. Blood supply, innervations, X-ray anatomy.
- 43. Knee joint. Blood supply, innervations, X-ray anatomy.
- 44. Ankle joint. Blood supply, innervations, X-ray anatomy.
- 45. Kinds of a muscular tissue. A skeletal muscle as a body. Classification of muscles.
- 46. Development of skeletal muscles. Developmental anomalies.
- 47. The auxiliary apparatus of muscles. Bases of biomechanics of muscles.
- 48. Muscles and fasciae of back, their blood supply, innervations.
- 49. Muscles and fasciae of thorax, their blood supply, innervations.
- 50. Diaphragm, its blood supply and innervations.
- 51. Muscles and fasciae of abdomen, their blood supply, innervations. A vagina of a rectus muscle of abdomen (scheme).
- 52. The inguinal canal. Weak places of walls of an abdominal cavity.
- 53. Muscles of a neck, their blood supply, innervations.
- 54. Fasciae of a neck, their classification after Shevkunenko (scheme).
- 55. Topography of a neck.
- 56. Chewing muscles and fasciae, their blood supply, innervations.
- 57. Muscles of facial expression, their blood supply, innervations.
- 58. Muscles and fasciae of shoulder girdle, their blood supply, innervations.
- 59. Axillary fossa (area), its borders. An axillary cavity, its walls and contents.
- 60. Muscles and fasciae of a shoulder, their blood supply, innervations. Topography of a shoulder.
- 61. Muscles and fasciae of a forearm, their blood supply, innervations. Topography of a forearm.
- 62. Muscles of a hand, their blood supply, innervations. Topography of a hand.

- 63. Muscles and fasciae of the pelvic girdle, their blood supply, innervations. Topography of gluteus area.
- 64. Muscles and fasciae of thigh, their blood supply, innervations.
- 65. Topography of a thigh: muscular and vascular lacunas, the femoral canal, the femoral triangle, adductor canal.
- 66. Muscles and fasciae of the leg, their blood supply, innervations. Topography of a leg.
- 67. Muscles and fasciae of the foot, their blood supply, innervations. Topography of the foot.

III. ANATOMY OF INTERNAL ORGANS

- 68. General plan of a structure of internal organs, their classification. Glands.
- 69. Development of digestive system. Developmental anomalies.
- 70. Topographical lines of a thorax. Areas of abdomen.
- 71. Abdominal cavity. Peritoneum: development, functions, a structure. A course of peritoneum (scheme).
- 72. The common principles of a structure of a wall of a digestive tube.
- 73. Digestive glands: their structure, classification.
- 74. Oral cavity. Blood supply, innervations, walls of an oral cavity, lymphatic drainage. Age features of an oral cavity.
- 75. Teeth: deciduous and permanent. A tooth as a body. Blood supply, innervations of teeth and gingivae, lymphatic drainage.
- 76. The tongue. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 77. Sublingual, submandibular and parotid salivary glands. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 78. Pharynx. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. Lymphoid ring.
- 79. Esophagus. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. X-ray anatomy.
- 80. Stomach. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. X-ray anatomy.
- 81. Stomach: topography, X-ray anatomy (scheme).
- 82. Duodenum. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 83. Topography of a duodenum. Variants of the shape, development and position.
- 84. The small intestine (jejunum and ileum). Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. X-ray anatomy.
- 85. The large intestine (colon). Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. X-ray anatomy.
- 86. Caecum and vermiform process. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 87. Rectum. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 88. Liver: an external structure, topography. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 89. Liver: functions, development, an internal structure, system of blood circulation of a liver.
- 90. Gall bladder. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. Excretory channels of a liver and gall bladder (scheme).
- 91. Pancreas. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.

- 92. Topography of the upper floor of a peritoneal cavity. A small omentum. Blood supply and innervations of peritoneum.
- 93. Topography of a middle floor of a peritoneal cavity. The large omentum.
- 94. Topography of a lower floor of a peritoneal cavity. Sexual features.
- 95. Development of respiratory system. Developmental anomalies. The common principles of a structure of respiratory pathways.
- 96. External nose. A cavity of a nose. Paranasal sinuses. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 97. Larynx: cartilages, ligaments, muscles. Topography.
- 98. Cavity of a larynx. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. The sound producing.
- 99. Trachea and bronchial tubes. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. 100. Lungs. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 101. Borders of lungs. X-ray anatomy of lungs. Developmental anomalies.
- 102. Pleura. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. Borders of pleura.
- 103. Mediastenum: departments, organs of mediastinum.
- 104. Development of urinary system. Developmental anomalies.
- 105. Development of genital system. Developmental anomalies.
- 106. The common principle of a structure of urinogenital organs.
- 107. Kidney: the external structure, the fixing device, topography. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 108. Kidney: an internal structure, structural and structurally-functional units of a kidney. System of blood circulation in kidneys.
- 109. Lesser and larger renal calyces, renal pelvis, ureter. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage. The fornical apparatus. Excretory tree of kidneys.
- 110. Urinary bladder. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 111. Male and female urethrae. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 112. Яичко and an appendage яичка. Blood supply, иннервация, lymphatic drainage.
- 113. Coats of testis and spermatic cord, their origin. Spermatic cord and deferent duct. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 114. Prostate, seminal vesicles, bulbourethral glands. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 115. External male genitals. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 116. Uterus. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 117. Uterine tube. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 118. Ovary. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 119. Vagina and external female genitals. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 120. Perineum. Muscles and fasciae of perineum. Blood supply, innervations. 121. Topography of perineum. Sexual differences of perineum.

IV. ANATOMY OF ENDOCRINE GLANDS

- 122. Endocrine glands: the common anatomical and functional characteristic.
- 123. Group of endocrine glands of adrenal system: adrenal glands, paraganglia. Blood supply, innervations of the adrenal glands, lymphatic drainage.
- 124. Branchiogenic group of the endocrine glands: thyroid and parathyroid glands. Blood supply, innervations, lymphatic drainage.
- 125. Neurogenic group of the endocrine glands: medulla of an adrenal gland, hypophysis, pineal body (epiphysis). Blood supply, innervations.

V. ANATOMY OF HEART, BLOOD AND LYMPHATIC VESSELS, ORGANS OF HAEMOPOESIS AND IMMUNE SYSTEMS

- 126. Circles of blood circulation. Vessels of the lesser and greater blood circulation.
- 127. General anatomy of arterial vessels, laws of their arrangement and branching.
- 128. The characteristic of microcirculatory channels.
- 129. Anastomoses. Collateral blood circulation. Intersystem venous anastomoses: cava-caval and porta-caval (schemes).
- 130. General anatomy of venous vessels. Laws of a structure.
- 131. Features of fetus blood circulation. Changes of blood circulation after a birth.
- 132. Development of blood vessels of the person. The basic anomalies and defects of their development.
- 133. Heart: topography and x-ray anatomy.
- 134. Structure of chambers of heart.
- 135. Valves of heart: their structure, a projection to a thorax, places of their auscultation.
- 136. Features of a structure of a wall of heart.
- 137. Conducting system of heart.
- 138. Blood supply and innervations of heart. Types of blood supply of heart.
- 139. Pericardium. Blood supply, innervations.
- 140. Development of heart. Developmental anomalies of heart.
- 141. Aorta, its parts and branches: an ascending part, an arch of the aorta, a descending part.
- 142. Thoracic part of a descending aorta and its branches.
- 143. Parietal and paired visceral branches of abdominal part of a descending aorta.
- 144. Unpaired visceral branches of abdominal part of an aorta.
- 145. External carotid: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 146. Internal carotid: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 147. Blood supply of a brain (the scheme of Willi's circle).
- 148. Subclavian artery: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 149. Axillary artery: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 150. Brachial artery: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.

- 151. Arteries of a forearm: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 152. Arteries and arterial arches of a hand. Features of blood supply of fingers.
- 153. Common and external iliac arteries: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 154. Internal iliac artery: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 155. Femoral artery: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 156. Popliteal artery: topography, branches, areas of blood supply. 157. Arteries of a leg: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 158. Arteries of a foot: topography, branches, areas of blood supply.
- 159. Superior vena cava and its inflows.
- 160. Azygos and hemiazygos veins: formation, inflows, topography.
- 161. Brachiocephalic veins and their inflows. Ways of outflow of venous blood from a head and neck.
- 162. Internal jugular vein and its inflows. Venous sinuses of the dura mater.
- 163. Subclavian vein. Superficial and deep veins of the upper extremity.
- 164. Inferior vena cava, its parietal and visceral inflows.
- 165. System of portal vein and its inflows.
- 166. Iliac veins, their formation and inflows.
- 167. Deep and superficial veins of the lower extremity.
- 168. The common principles of a structure of lymphatic system, its function.
- 169. Lymph node as a body. Classification of lymph nodes.
- 170. Thoracic duct and the right lymphatic duct, their formation, topography.
- 171. Lymphatic vessels and regional lymph nodes of a head and neck.
- 172. Lymphatic vessels and regional lymph nodes of the upper extremity.
- 173. Outflow of a lymph from mammary gland.
- 174. Lymphatic vessels and regional lymph nodes of a thoracic cavity.
- 175. Lymphatic vessels and regional lymph nodes of abdominal cavity.
- 176. Lymphatic vessels and regional lymph nodes of a pelvis.
- 177. Lymphatic vessels and regional lymph nodes of the lower extremity.
- 178. Organs of immune system: classification and anatomic and functional characteristic.
- 179. Spleen. Blood supply, innervations.

VI. ANATOMY OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

- 180. Nervous system, its value. Classification of nervous system. A reflex arch (scheme).
- 181. Development of nervous system. Developmental anomalies.
- 182. Development of spinal cord and brain. Brain vesicles and their derivatives.
- 183. Spinal cord, an external and internal structure (scheme). A segment of a spinal cord. Proper apparatus of spinal cord.
- 184. The apparatus of two-way connections of spinal cord with brain.
- 185. Meninges of a spinal cord. Blood supply of a spinal cord.
- 186. Brain stem, its parts. A medial loop: structure of fibers, topography.

- 187. Medulla oblongata, its external and internal structure (scheme).
- 188. Pons, its external and internal structure (scheme). An isthmus of a rhombencephalon.
- 189. Cerebellum: functions, stages of development, a structure. Peduncles of a cerebellum, their fiber structure.
- 190. Rhomboid fossa. Projection of nuclei of cranial nerves to it.
- 191. IV ventricle of a brain. Ways of outflow of a cerebrospinal fluid.
- 192. Midbrain, its external and internal structure (scheme).
- 193. Diencephalon: functions, development, departments. III ventricle of a brain.
- 194. Thalamencephalon, its departments, nuclei of thalamus and their functional value.
- 195. Hypothalamus, its departments, functional value. Hypothalamo-hypophisar system.
- 196. Telencephalon, common plan of a structure. A pallium: sulci and gyri of medial and inferior surfaces of hemispheres of the brain.
- 197. Pallium: sulci and gyri of superolateral surface of hemispheres of the brain. Topography of cortical ends of analyzers of II and I alarm systems.
- 198. Basal ganglia, their structure (scheme) and appointment. Striopallidar system.
- 199. White substance of a telencephalon, types of fibers. An arrangement and functional value of projective fibers of an internal capsule.
- 200. Olfactory brain, its peripheral and central departments. Limbic system, its functional value.
- 201. Lateral ventricles of telencephalon, their wall. Choroid plexuses of ventricles of a brain. The cerebrospinal fluid.
- 202. Meninges of a brain. Sinuses of the dura mater, their connection with external veins of a head. Intermeningeal spaces.
- 203. Blood supply of a brain.
- 204. Reticular formation, its functional value.
- 205. Conducting tracts of tactile sensitivity (tactile sense, pressure, stereognosis) (scheme).
- 206. Conducting tracts of exterocepcive kinds of sensitivity (pain and temperature) (scheme).
- 207. Conducting tracts of propriocepcive feeling. (the scheme of the motor analyzer).
- 208. Ascending and descending tracts of a cerebellum.
- 209. Motor conducting pyramidal tracts (scheme).
- 210. Motor conducting extrapyramidal tracts (scheme).

VII. ANATOMY OF PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

- 211. Spinal nerve: its formation (scheme), branches, plexuses, their characteristic.
- 212. Cranial nerves: features of their formation, the characteristic of fiber structure, classification.
- 213. Posterior branches of spinal nerves, a structure, and areas of innervations.
- 214. A cervical plexus: a structure, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 215. A brachial plexus: a structure, topography. Short branches of a brachial plexus and their area of innervations.
- 216. A brachial plexus: long branches, topography, areas of innervations.
- 217. A median nerve: topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 218. An ulnar nerve: topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 219. A radial nerve: topography, branches, areas of innervations.

- 220. Innervations of skin of the upper extremity.
- 221. Intercostal nerves: a structure, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 222. A lumbar plexus: a structure, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 223. A femoral nerve, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 224. A sacral plexus: a structure, topography, short branches, areas of innervations.
- 225. A sacral plexus: a structure, topography, long branches, areas of innervations.
- 226. A sciatic nerve: topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 227. Tibial nerve: topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 228. Innervations of skin of the lower extremity.
- 229. Olfactory nerves (I). Conducting tracts of the olfactory analyzer (scheme).
- 230. Optic nerve (II). Conducting tracts of the visual analyzer (scheme).
- 231. Oculomotor (III), trochlear (IV) and abducens (VI) nerves: nuclei, structure of fibers, topography, branches, area of innervations. A tract of pupillary reflex.
- 232. Trigeminal nerve (V): its formation, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 233. Ophthalmic branch of a trigeminal nerve: topography, areas of innervations. 234. Maxillary branch of a trigeminal nerve: topography, areas of innervations.
- 235. Mandibular branch of a trigeminal nerve: topography, areas of innervations.
- 236. Facial nerve (VII): its formation, topography, branches and areas of innervations.
- 237. Intermediate nerve: its formation, topography, branches and areas of innervations. Relation with facial nerve.
- 238. Vestibulocochlear nerve (VIII): its formation, parts. Conducting tracts of acoustical and vestibular analyzers (scheme).
- 239. Glossopharyngeal nerve (IX): its formation, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 240. Vagus nerve (X): its formation, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 241. Accessory (XI) and hypoglossal (XII) nerves: their formation, topography, branches, areas of innervations.
- 242. Vegetative part of nervous system: anatomic and functional characteristic. Features of a structure of a reflex arch of vegetative nervous systems (scheme).
- 243. Difference of vegetative nervous system from somatic.
- 244. Parasympathetic department of vegetative nervous system: cranial and sacral departments, their common characteristic.
- 245. Sympathetic department of vegetative nervous system, common characteristic.
- 246. Cervical department of a sympathetic trunk: topography, ganglions, branches.
- 247. Thoracic department of a sympathetic trunk: topography, ganglions, branches.
- 248. Lumbar and sacral departments of a sympathetic trunk: topography, ganglions, branches. Vegetative plexuses of a pelvis.
- 249. Coeliac (solar) and aortorenal plexuses: formation, topography, ganglions, branches, secondary plexuses.
- 250. Principle of innervations of internal organs. Interceptive analyzer.

VII. ANATOMY OF SENCE ORGANS

251. Concept about a sense organ and sensory system. The analyzer: components, classification.

- 252. The organ of vision: a common plan of a structure of an eye. Development, developmental anomalies.
- 253. An eyeball and its coats: fibrous and vascular.
- 254. An eyeball: the retina of an eye. Conducting tract of the visual analyzer (scheme).
- 255. An eyeball: refracting media of an eye. The mechanism of accommodation.
- 256. The accessory structures of an eye: muscles of an eyeball, fasciae of eye socket, palpebrae, the lacrimal apparatus, conjunctiva of the eyes. Vessels and nerves of organ of vision.
- 257. The organ of hearing and balance: a common plan of a structure. Development, developmental anomalies.
- 258. The external and middle ear: functions, components. Blood supply, innervations and lymphatic drainage.
- 259. The internal ear: bony and membranous labyrinths.
- 260. Conducting tracts of vestibular (statokinetic) analyzer (scheme).
- 261. Conducting tracts of an acoustic analyzer (scheme).
- 262. The organ of smell. Conducting tracts of the olfactory analyzer (scheme).
- 263. The organ of taste. Conducting tracts of the flavoring analyzer (scheme).
- 264. Anatomy of a skin and its derivatives. Mammary gland: topography, a structure. Blood supply, innervations and lymphatic drainage.

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