

Goals of teaching:

To train in the specialty is training doctors on the topics of forensic medicine that can help the forensic investigative authorities in matters of medical and biological nature, arising in the administration of justice.

Objectives of teaching:

1. Know the methods of ascertaining death
2. Learning the rules of detention (storage) of a dead body;
3. Mastery of skills by category of forensic medicine (traumatology, toxicology, etc.).

A student must know:

- the methods of identification and objective estimation of a character of bodily injuries, instruments and weapon which were used for infliction of bodily injuries, a mechanism of formation, time limitation of the occurrence of bodily injuries;
- normative legal documents, regulating the work of a forensic medical expert;
- the rules of executing and managing the forensic medical documentation;
- the rules and methods of proceeding the forensic medical examination of corpses in different types of death;
- the rules and methods of proceeding the forensic medical examination of a character and severity degree of bodily injuries;
- the work order of a specialist during visual examination at the place of finding (accident);
- the methods and procedure of collecting evidences of a biological character at the place of their finding;
- legal responsibility of a doctor for the violation of professional duties;
- the rules of conducting the forensic medical examination on the base of materials of criminal and civil cases;
- the rules of conducting the forensic psychological examination;
- the rules of conducting the forensic psychiatric examination;
- the grounds of referring for a stationary, forensic psychological-psychiatric examination.

A student must be able to do the following:

- to perform the forensic medical examination of a corpse with fulfillment of due documentation;
- to describe and estimate bodily injuries from a forensic medical point of view;
- to certify death, to estimate the character of corpse changes;
- to examine (describe) a corpse at the place of its finding;
- to perform a registration of traces at the place of accident and to assist the workers of investigatory organs in their collection;
- to estimate which environmental factor became the cause of a bodily injury;